

IN- TEXT CITATION AND REFERENCING

The article, as other academic papers, must analyse various sources of information as well as ideas, methods and research data presented in them. This is necessary to reveal and cover the research topic in detail. The information obtained can be quoted in several ways: by direct quote, by indirect quote (when quoting a source that is cited in another source) or by paraphrasing the text (**Important note!** The source of any text reviewed and summarized when working on the article must be indicated).

A direct quote reproduces word-for-word text (or part of it) taken directly from another author's publication. When quoting directly it is important to enclose the quoted piece of text in quotation marks, to include the author's last name (or the title of the source if the author is missing), the year and the page number of the publication. The citation data must follow the quote or may come as an in-text reference (General Requirements for Academic Papers at Vilniaus kolegija/University of Applied Sciences, 2019). Direct quoting is recommended for definitions where the accuracy of the thought is vital.

Direct quotes should be short (no more *than 40* of the author's exact words). If certain parts of the text (sentences or words) are omitted within the quote, the omitted places must be marked with single angle quotation marks <...>. Examples of direct quotes are presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Examples of direct quoting

According to Patwa et al. (2020), "in a circular economy, recycling turns waste into a useful factor of production" (p. 153).
Patwa et al. state that "in a circular economy, recycling turns waste into a useful factor of production" (2020, p. 153).
"In a circular economy, recycling turns waste into a useful factor of production" (Patwa et al, 2020, p. 153).
In 2020 Patwa et al. noted that "in a circular economy, recycling turns waste into a useful factor of production" (p. 153).
"strictly react and announce to the ethics Committee about students' dishonesty cases, such as plagiarism, <...> buying a paper work and giving it in to the member of the academic community for assessment, presenting the same assessed paper work with the intention of accounting for another course" (Vilniaus kolegija/University of Applied Sciences the Code of Academic Ethics, 2015, p. 3).

Important note! The direct quote cannot be distorted; it must be presented exactly as it appeared in the original source, including punctuation, even grammatical errors.

An indirect quote is when a cited piece of text is taken from an outside original source and used in a second piece of writing. This type of quote should only be used when the original source is unavailable. When quoting indirectly, it is important to indicate the name of the original author, whereas the reference should include the name of the author of the secondary source preceded by the words "as cited in". Only the secondary source should be listed in the reference page (General Requirements for Academic Papers at Vilniaus kolegija/University of Applied Sciences, 2019).

EXAMPLE: Ball states that a loyal employee is an employee who knows the values of the organization, supports them and follows them in making decisions (as cited in Veršinskienė and Večkienė, 2007).

Paraphrasing is restating a piece of information read in your own words (not word-for-word). It is the most commonly used method of citation, when summarizing the text taken from one or several sources. When conveying the text in your own words, it is important to indicate the author's name and the year of publication, without including the page number (General Requirements for Academic Papers at Vilniaus kolegija/University of Applied Sciences, 2019).

It is important to note that a paraphrase should not distort the substance of the original text.

Examples of paraphrasing are provided in Table 2.

Table Error! No text of specified style in document.. Examples of paraphrasing

Original text	Paraphrased text
Sharing information on major social media platforms such as Facebook, Twitter, and Instagram allows you to quickly reach your target audience.	Social media advertising is a powerful way to reach the potential customers (Pavardenis, 2018).
Entrepreneurs who start a business to serve both self-interests and collective interests by addressing unmet social and environmental needs are usually referred to as sustainable entrepreneurs.	Sustainable entrepreneurs are ready to serve not only self-interests, but collective interests by addressing unmet social and environmental needs too (Hoogendoorn, Van der Zwan, & Thurik, 2019).

When using both methods: direct quotation and paraphrasing, it is necessary to include the name of the author of the source cited. The author's name can be indicated in two different ways: in parentheses following the cited sentence or in the sentence, followed by the year of publication in parentheses. When referring to the authors in a sentence, certain words or phrases are often used: *according to*, *as mentioned by*, *they claim*, *they state*, *in their analysis* and so on. It should be noted that the names of the authors of the cited sources are given in original language, i.e., the way they are indicated in the bibliography, e.g., Velasquez, Горяев, Navrátilová. Examples of submitting references to authors' names are given in Table 3.

Table 3. Examples of in-text citation of sources with the name of the author

Source	Rules and examples	Comments
Single author	Text text (Druker, 2019). Research object was analysed by Grilauskaitė (2020). Ciulla (2020) provides two arguments. Text text text (Гонрап, 2020).	Quoting the same author in the same paragraph repeatedly does not require a repeated inclusion of the year.
Two authors	Text text (Paulauskienė & Venevičienė, 2020). Text text (Kenneth & Traver, 2019).	Symbol “&” should be used for describing the source published in any language.
Three- five authors	First citation: Pauragaitė, Kniūkštaitė & Jonuševičienė (2020) text text. Text text (Lukošius, Erminas, Alšauskas & Gotautienė, 2020). Text text (Nobles, Mattison & Matsumura, 2018), (Arcese, Valeri, Poponi & Elmo, 2020). Next citation: Pauragaitė et al., 2012, Lukošius et al., 2020, (Nobles et al., 2018), (Arcese et al., 2018).	
Six and more authors	(Melnikas et al., 2020) (Ulrich et al., 2018)	Abbreviation “et al.” should be used for describing the source published in any language.

Only once mentioning a source compiled by more than three authors it is allowed to list only the first author's name followed by “et al.” (i.e., it is not necessary to include the names of all authors).

The same issue may be addressed by authors sharing the same name or it may be discussed by multiple authors in several scientific publications sharing the same year of release, therefore to avoid confusion it is essential to clearly indicate which source is being referenced in text by assigning letters “a”, “b”, “c”. It may turn up by examining various sources that different authors or groups of authors share the same or very similar ideas and thoughts. In such a case references to all the sources relied on should be indicated at the end of the paragraph. (**Important note!** If different positions are presented, it is necessary to indicate the name of the author or a group of authors for each piece of information and to compare them). The related examples are provided in Table 4.

Table 4. Examples of in-text citation of several authors sharing the same name or several sources

Source	Rules and examples	Comments
Authors sharing the same last name	(J. Kazlauskienė, 2017), (L. Kazlauskienė, 2015).	Initials should be included in the in-text citations for authors sharing the same last name.
Quoting several sources	Referring to several sources sharing the same author: Research conducted by Kulakauskaitė (2018a) showed that....., subsequently the author (2018b) analysed..... Text text (Melnikas, 2019a, 2019b).	If several sources sharing the same author and the same year of publication are quoted, lowercase letters <i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> , etc. should be added after the year of publication. These letters should be included in the bibliography as well.
	Referring to different authors discussing the same issue (Kaptein, 2015; Kenneth & Traver, 2019; Nobles, Mattison & Matsumura, 2018)	The authors' names should be listed alphabetically <i>according</i> to the order they appear in the <i>source</i> .

It happens that when preparing the article, one has to cite sources that do not have specific authors, to refer to the group or organization as an author of the. Please refer to Table 5 for related examples.

Table 5. Examples of in-text citation of sources with no specific authors' names provided

Source	Rules and examples	Comments
Group authors (company or organization)	First citation: (European Commission [EC], 2020) (World Tourism Organization [WTO], 2020). Second citation: (EC, 2020); (WTO, 2020).	The second and subsequent citations of this kind of source should only include the official acronym or abbreviation.
No author	In book <i>Healthy Thoughts</i> (orig. <i>Sveikos mintys</i>) (2017) The article "Sustainability in Today's Organization" (orig. „Darnumas šiandienos organizacijoje“) (<i>Business</i> (orig. <i>Verstas</i>), 2018) reviews...	For the source without an author, the first 2-5 words of its title and the year of publication are indicated. Titles of books, journals, newspapers and reports should be italicized; titles of articles, chapters or Web pages should be enclosed in quotation marks.
Legal references	Constitution of the Republic of Lithuania (2016) The Labour Code of the Republic of Lithuania (2020)	The year of the current (recast) version should be indicated.

When preparing the article it is obligatory to quote and / or refer to *documents*, figures, tables, etc. The list of references must compile only the sources used (quoted directly, quoted indirectly or paraphrased) within the article and be referenced in accordance with APA style bibliographic description standard. **Important note!** All sources mentioned in the text must be listed in the list of references. Accordingly, all sources included into the list of references should be referred to in the text.

Information used in the article without acknowledging the sources of information or acknowledging them incorrectly is considered plagiarism. Plagiarism is expropriating another author's ideas and representing them as one's own. Citation errors, when the source is indicated incorrectly, is also considered a violation of academic ethics (Vilnius kolegija/University of Applied Sciences the Code of Academic Ethics, 2015). Typical cases of plagiarism include:

- someone else's text presented without quotation marks: inverted commas or other kind of differentiation from the whole text (e.g., a separate paragraph)
- someone else's idea, illustrative material or data retold or cited without indicating sources of information.

COMPILING THE REFERENCE LIST IN ACCORDANCE WITH APA STYLE BIBLIOGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION REQUIREMENTS

All sources mentioned in the text of the article must be listed in the list of references. Accordingly, all sources included into the list of references must be referred to in the main text of the article. The list of references is provided at the end of the article.

Ordering. Bibliographic descriptions of sources are arranged in alphabetic order by the last name of the author. When the author of a work is unknown, the source title is moved to the author's position. Sources written in *Latin* characters are listed first, followed by alphabetically ordered sources written in *Cyrillic* (e.g., in Russian). All sources of information included into the list of references should be written in the original language.

If the title of source with no author begins with **an article** (*a, an, the, der, die*, etc.), the title is alphabetized by the second word.

Works by the same author are arranged by their publication date in ascending chronological order, e.g., 2010, 2015, 2018, etc.

Works by the same author **with the same publication date** are arranged alphabetically by title, by adding **lowercase letters** *a, b, c*, etc. after the year of publication, e.g., Longo, V. (2019a).

It is recommended to make use of reference management software, including *RefWorks, Zotero, Mendeley, EndNote*, etc. These tools help to store bibliographic records, to insert properly formatted in-text quotations and to compile reference lists in accordance with the preferred style.

Important note! The bibliography compiled with the help of the aforementioned tools should be carefully reviewed; if any errors are identified, they should be corrected according to the APA style.

Print books, in accordance with the APA style bibliographic description requirements, are described by indicating the last name of an author (authors), the year of publication, italicized title of the book, and the publisher (location and publishing house).

The titles of books, book chapters and other larger works (films, albums, etc.) are italicized. In Lithuanian titles, the first word of a subtitle following a colon or dash is written in lowercase letters, while **in English** - in **uppercase**. For example, the same title will read *Dokumentų valdymo normos ir tvarkyba: mokomoji knyga* in Lithuanian and *Communicating project management: A participatory rhetoric for development teams* in English. If the title of the information source in English name is made up of hyphenated words, all the words are capitalized, e.g., *Natural-Born-Cyborgs*.

Digital books are described in the same way as printed books, additionally including DOI (digital object identifier, assigned to an online document) at the end of the description. If DOI is unavailable, the Web address is provided following the words "Retrieved from".

When describing articles in journals, newspapers and other periodicals in accordance with the APA style bibliographic description requirements, the author of the article, year of publication, title of the article, title and volume (issue) of the periodical, and the page numbers for the article are indicated.

The title and volume number of the periodical should be italicized. More detailed numbering should be run in parentheses, italicized. When specifying the page numbering for an article, the letter "p" should not be written. The title of the periodical must be indicated as written by the publisher.

Important note! When writing the titles of periodicals in English, all the key words in the title are capitalized.

Digital periodicals are described in the same way as print ones, with an additional reference to the Web address at the end of the description. The Web address is preceded by the words “Retrieved from”. If the publication is associated to DOI, it is indicated at the end of the description without the note “Retrieved from”. If the bibliographic description ends with an online link, no full stop is required. Please refer to Table 6 for examples of locating sources in the reference list.

Table 6. Examples of locating sources in the reference list

<i>Source</i>	<i>Basic rules and examples</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Referencing books and their chapters		
Single author	Gylys, B. (2018). <i>Bitonomija: įvadas į pirmą milijoną internetu</i> . Vilnius: Alma littera.	
Two authors	Samuilova, A. & Lieponienė, J. (2018). <i>Programos STEKAS PLIUS praktinis taikymas: studijų knyga</i> . Vilnius: BMK leidykla. Holland, J. & Leslie, D. (2018). <i>Tour operators and operations: Development, management and responsibility</i> . Wallingford, Oxfordshire: CABI.	Symbol “&” should be used for the source published in any language.
Three-seven authors	Gavelis, V., Gylys, P., Mačiekus, V., Minkevičienė, N., Paliulytė, R., Ulvidienė, E. & Urbšienė, L. (2017). <i>Makroekonomika: Vilniaus universiteto vadovėlis</i> . Vilnius: Vilniaus universiteto leidykla. Heinze, A., Fletcher, G., Rashid, T., & Cruz, A. (2020). <i>Digital and social media marketing: a results-driven approach</i> . Abingdon: Routledge.	Symbol “&” should be used for the source published in any language.
More than seven authors	Snieška, V., Baumilienė, V., Bernatonytė, D., Čiburienė, J., Dumčiuvienė, D., Juozapavičienė, A., . . . Urbonas, J. (2011). <i>Makroekonomika: vadovėlis ekonominių specialybių studentams</i> . Kaunas: Technologija.	The surname of the sixth author should be followed by a comma, an ellipsis (three dots with a single space on either side) and finally by the surname of the last author. The bibliographic description should include not more than seven authors.
Reprinted book	Nekrašas, E. (2012). <i>Filosofijos įvadas</i> (3-ioji patais. ir papild. laida). Vilnius: Mokslo ir enciklopedijų leidybos centras. Holcombe, J., & Holcombe, C. (2017). <i>Survey of operating systems</i> (5th ed.). New York, N.Y.: McGraw-Hill.	
Group authors (company or organization)	Lietuvos dietologų draugija. (2004). <i>Dietinio maisto saugos vadovas: geros higienos praktikos taisyklės asmens sveikatos priežiūros, socialinės globos ir rūpybos įstaigose</i> . Vilnius: Homo liber. Lietuvos bankas. (2018). <i>Lietuviškos kolekcinės ir proginės monetos (1993–2018)</i> . Vilnius: Autorius. OECD. (2020). <i>OECD Business and Finance Outlook 2020: Sustainable and Resilient Finance</i> . Paris: OECD Publishing, https://doi.org/10.1787/67289eb2-en	
Edited book or collected works	Norkus, A. (Com.). (2018). <i>Diabetinė nefropatija</i> . Kaunas: Medicininės informacijos centras. Galiniienė, G. & Deveikis, S. (Ed.). (2012). <i>Viešieji ir privatūs aktyvai: transformacijų, efektyvaus naudojimo ir vertinimo aspektai: konferencijos, vykusios Vilniuje</i> .	If the book is compiled by more than two compilers or editors , only the name of the main editor may be indicated followed by “et al.”.

Source	Basic rules and examples	Comments
	<i>Vilniaus universitete 2012 m. spalio 19 d., mokslo darbai</i> . Vilnius: Vilniaus universitetas. Agarwal, S., et al. (Eds). (2018). <i>Special interest tourism: Concepts, contexts and cases</i> . Wallingford, Oxfordshire: CABI.	
No author	<i>Lietuvos Respublikos Konstitucija: oficialiųjų dokumentų tekstai su pakeitimais ir papildymais iki 2012 m. sausio 01 d.</i> (2012). Kaunas: Judex spauda.	
Article or chapter in a book	Logminas, V. (2010). Lietuvos paukščiai. Iš <i>Visuotinė lietuvių enciklopedija</i> (T. XVII, p. 638-640). Vilnius: Mokslo ir enciklopedijų leidybos institutas. Pučėtaitė, R. (2015). Organizacijų etikos samprata ir jos efektyvumo prielaidos. In R. Pučėtaitė, A. Novelskaitė & R. Pušnaitė (Sud.), <i>Organizacijų etika, novatoriškumas ir darniosios inovacijos: monografija</i> , (p. 24–40). Vilnius: Akademine leidyba. Armstrong, D. (2019). Malory and character. In M. G. Leitch & C. J. Rushton (Eds.), <i>A new companion to Malory</i> (pp. 144-163). D. S. Brewer.	This order is used to describe articles or chapters in monographs, encyclopaedias, collections of articles, or conference proceedings. The title of the article is written in regular (non-italic) font. It is followed by the prefix “In”, a comma, the name of the author and the title of the book. The title of the book is italicised. The pages of the article are indicated in parentheses. Note that when describing an article or chapter of a book, the initials of the author of the book are written before the surname and are not separated by a comma.
Multivolume works	Antanavičius, J. (Red.). (2000). <i>Muzikos enciklopedija</i> (T. 1-3). Vilnius: Lietuvos muzikos akademija.	
E-book retrieved from the Internet	FitzGerald, B., Stol, K., Minör, S., & Cosmo, H. (2017). <i>Scaling a software business: The digitalization journey</i> . Switzerland: Springer Nature. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-53116-8 Sinkevičius, V., Birmontienė, T., Miliuvienė, J., Vilkelis, G., Novikovas, A., Bilevičiūtė, E., . . . Šaltinytė, L. (2019). <i>Lietuvos teisė, 2018: esminiai pokyčiai</i> . Vilnius: Mykolo Romerio universitetas. Retrieved from: //ebooks.mruni.eu/product/lietuvos-teis-2018-esminiai-pokyčiai	
E-book retrieved from the databases	Grebow, D., & Gill, S. J. (2018). <i>Minds at work: Managing for success in the knowledge economy</i> . Alexandria, VA: Association For Talent Development. Retrieved from EBSCOhost http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1625438&site=ehost-live Association, American Payroll. (2018). <i>The guide to successful electronic payments</i> . Retrieved from Skillsoft https://bild.skillport.com/skillportfe/main.action?assetid=139233	When describing an e-book retrieved from a database, the hyperlink is preceded by the database title.
E-book chapter or article	Simanavičienė, Ž., Pocius V. & Simanavičius, A. (2017). Ekonominis saugumas ir šalies konkurencingumas. Iš <i>Visuomenės saugumas ir darni plėtra: Visuomenės saugumo aktualijos ir probleminiai klausimai</i> . Retrieved from https://ebooks.mruni.eu/product/visuomens-saugumas-ir-darni-pltra-saugumo-aktualijos-probleminiai-klausimai	

Source	Basic rules and examples	Comments
Articles from online encyclopedias and dictionaries	Jakubčionis, A. Vasario 16 Aktas. (2018). Iš <i>Visuotinė lietuvių enciklopedija</i> . Retrieved from https://www.vle.lt/Straipsnis/Vasario-16-Aktas-99920	
KINDLE books	Hatala, M. (2019). <i>APA style basics: Writing student papers in psychology and the social sciences</i> [Kindle version]. Retrieved from https://www.amazon.com	
Referencing periodicals		
Articles in print scientific journals (single, two, three or more authors)	Pečiūrienė, A. (2017). Fostering of business and management students learning in accounting courses. <i>Journal Advances in Higher Education</i> , 4, 69-78. Bučienė, R., Ulvidienė, E. & Valentukevičienė, S. (2015). Studentų verslumo ir kūrybiškumo ugdymas Vilniaus kolegijos Ekonomikos fakultete. <i>Mokslo taikomieji tyrimai Lietuvos kolegijose</i> , 2(11), 17-27.	
Articles in an electronic journal	Davulis, G. (2016). The system of Lithuanian business enterprises and macroeconomic efficiency of its elements. <i>US-China Foreign Language</i> , 14(3), 250-255. Doi:10.17265/1539-8080/2016.03.008	
Articles in a magazine	Katkevičius, A. (2018, birželis). Nuo ego sistemos – prie ekosistemos. <i>Verslo klasė</i> , 3, 24-29.	
Articles in a newspaper	Micevičiūtė, G. (2018 m. spalio 8 d.). Padangas galima perdirbti netgi į kurą. <i>Lietuvos Rytas</i> , p. 8-9.	When describing newspapers, the letter “p” should precede the page numbers.
Articles in an electronic newspaper	Bružauskas, V. (2019 m. Balandžio 2 d.). Ilgalaikio turto amortizavimo apskaitos politikos pasirinkimas. <i>Apskaitos, audito ir mokesčių aktualijos</i> . Retrieved from http://aktualijos.lt/straipsniai/ilgalaikio-turto-amortizavimo-apskaitos-politikos-pasirinkimas	
Articles retrieved from a database	Sfakianaki, E., & Kakouris, A. (2019). Lean thinking for education: Development and validation of an instrument. <i>International Journal of Quality & Reliability Management</i> . Emerald Insight. Retrieved from doi: 10.1108/IJQRM-07-2018-0202. Briegel, J. (2019). The effects of the tax cuts and jobs act on small businesses. <i>Journal of Financial Service Professionals</i> , 73(1), 48-55. Retrieved from EBSCOhost http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=bth&AN=133676643&site=ehost-live	The hyperlink is preceded by the database title and “Retrieved from”.
No author	How to launch your career in project management: Project management can be a rewarding and challenging career, but where do you start? (2018, February 27). <i>Management Today</i> . Retrieved from https://www.prescience.com.au/how-to-launch-your-pm-career/	
Referencing other sources of information		
Legal acts	Labour Code of the Republic of Lithuania. 14 September 2016. No XII-2603, the Republic of Lithuania. Retrieved 09-12-2020 from https://e-seimas.lrs.lt/portal/legalAct/lt/TAD/da9eea30a61211e8aa33fe8f0fea665f?jfwid=-k3id7tf7e Dokumentų rengimo taisyklės [Rules for Preparation of Documents] 2011 m. liepos 4 d. Nr. V-117, pakeitimas 2011-07-16. Retrieved 09-12-2020 from https://e-seimas.lrs.lt/portal/legalAct/lt/TAD/TAIS.403753/HTRzpowbFZ	The retrieval date of the legal act should be indicated. It is necessary to provide the English title of the legal act in brackets if its valid version is only available in the original language (i.e., if there is no official translation).

<i>Source</i>	<i>Basic rules and examples</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Acts of government	Lietuvos Respublikos švietimo ir mokslo ministerija [Minister of Education, Science and Sport of the Republic of Lithuania] (2018). <i>Valstybinė švietimo 2013–2022 metų strategija</i> . Vilnius: Švietimo ir mokslo ministerijos Švietimo aprūpinimo centras.	
Dissertations and Master's theses retrieved from the Internet (databases)	Kairys, A. (2010). <i>Laiko perspektyva: sąsajos su asmenybės bruožais, amžiumi ir lytimi</i> (doctoral dissertation, Vilnius university). Retrieved from eLABa https://vk.lvb.lt/prim-explore/fulldisplay?Docid=ELABAETD1737777&context=L&vid=VK&search_scope=LABTALL&isFrbr=true&tab=default_tab&lang=lt_LT	
Online lecture notes and presentation slides	Kuodis, R. (2007). Mikroekonomikos teorijos paskaitos [PDF document]. Retrieved from http://www.ekonomika.org/Mikro/PPT/1p_Ivadas.pdf	
Web page (organization as author)	Lietuvos bankų asociacija [Association of lithuanian banks]. (n. d.) Nuostatų dėl pinigų plovimo prevencijos išaiškinimas. Retrieved from https://www.lba.lt/lt/nuostatu-del-pinigu-plovimo-isaiskinimas	If no date is provided on the source, letters “n.d.” should be used in parenthesis
Web page (individual author)	Bukotienė, I. (2018 m. lapkričio 13 d.). Pasaulinė diabeto diena 2018: diabetas susijęs su kiekviena šeima. Retrieved from http://www.smlpc.lt/lt/neinfekciniu_ligu_profilaktika/ligu_profilaktika/pasauline_diabeto_diena_2018_diabetas_susijes_su_kiekviena_seima.html	
Online documents and reports	Blaževičienė, K. (2019 m. vasario 4 d.). <i>Bibliotekos veikla 2018</i> . Retrieved from https://biblioteka.viko.lt/media/uploads/sites/25/2016/10/Veiklos-ataskaita-u%C5%BE-2018-m..pdf	
Blogposts	Ažugiridienė, G. (2018 m. spalio 10 d.). Maitintis sveikai yra paprasta [blogpost]. Retrieved from http://guodos.pastebejimai.lt/2018/10/10/geriau-tegu-maistas-jungia-ne-skiria/	
Graphic data (interactive maps, etc.)	Klaipėdos miesto savivaldybės aplinkos monitoringo informacinė sistema. (2018). [chart, 2004-2012 data]. <i>Zooplanktono biomasė</i> . Retrieved from http://www.monitor.ku.lt/index.php?m=vgraph	
(Downloadable) software	Automated trading bot [Computer software]. (2018). Vilnius: Blockchain analytics. Smith, J. (2014). Comprehensive Meta-Analysis (Version 2) [Computer software]. Englewood, NJ: Biostat. Retrieved from http://www.comprehensive.com	
YouTube video or video blog	Viskas kas rūpi [Everything we care about] (2018 m. gegužės 3 d.). Apie gyvai: Gabrielius Liaudanskas-Svaras – pankas su legaliais ginklais [video]. Retrieved from https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xy9rZAcnNY4&list=RDxy9rZAcnNY4&start_radio=1&irt=5	
TV programme	Jakilaitis, E. (Producer and host). (2016 m. gruodžio 5 d.). <i>Dėmesio centre</i> [TV programme]. Vilnius: Media 3. Retrieved from https://www.lrt.lt/mediateka/irasas/157365/demesio-centre	

For more examples, please check:

- APA Style (7th Edition). (n. d.). Retrieved from https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research_and_citation/apa_style/
- APA - Referencing Guide. (2020). Retrieved from <https://libguides.murdoch.edu.au/APA>